



# HTM24058A-MIPI

产品名称 (Product name) : MIPI 接口 TFT 液晶模块  
型号 (Model) : HTM24058A-MIPI  
编号 (Part number) : 20180824001  
日期 (Date) : 2018-8-24

|  |  |                   |
|--|--|-------------------|
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编码: QR-R-011 / A/0

序号:

| Rev | Descriptions      | Date      |
|-----|-------------------|-----------|
| 01  | Prelimiay Release | 2018-8-24 |
|     |                   |           |
|     |                   |           |

## 1. Basic Specifications

| No. | Item                     | Specification                | Unit              | Remark |
|-----|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| 1   | LCD Size                 | 2.4"                         | inch              | -      |
| 2   | Panel Type               | a-si TFT                     | -                 | -      |
| 3   | Resolution               | 240x(3RGB)x320               | pixel             | -      |
| 4   | Display Mode             | Normally white, Transmissive | -                 | -      |
| 5   | Display Number of Colors | 262K                         | -                 | -      |
| 6   | Viewing Direction        | 12 O'clock                   | -                 | Note 1 |
| 7   | Contrast Ratio           | 170                          | -                 | -      |
| 8   | Luminance                | 180                          | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | -      |
| 9   | Module Size              | 43(W)x60.5(L)x3.2 (T)        | mm                | Note 1 |
| 12  | Weight                   | TBD                          | g                 | -      |
| 13  | Driver IC                | MIPI-RGB Bridge              | -                 | -      |
| 14  | Driver IC RAM Size       | 240x16x320                   | bit               | -      |
| 15  | Light Source             | 4 White LEDs in Parallel     | -                 | -      |
| 16  | Interface                | MIPI DSI 2-LANS              | -                 | -      |
| 17  | Operating Temperature    | -20~70                       | °C                | -      |
| 18  | Storage Temperature      | -30~80                       | °C                | -      |

Note 1: Please refer to the mechanical drawing.

## 2. Pin Assignments

| Pin No. | Name   | Function                             |
|---------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 1       | BL+    | Backlight power supply +3.1V.        |
| 2       | VDD    | Power supply +2.8V.                  |
| 3       | NC     | --                                   |
| 4       | /RES   | Active low reset to the LCM.         |
| 5-8     | NC     | --                                   |
| 9       | VSS    | Power ground 0V.                     |
| 10-11   | NC     | --                                   |
| 12      | VSS    | Power ground 0V.                     |
| 13      | CLOCKN | Negative differential clock for DSI. |
| 14      | CLOCKP | Positive differential clock for DSI. |
| 15      | VSS    | Power ground 0V.                     |
| 16      | DATAN1 | Negative differential data1 for DSI. |
| 17      | DATAP1 | Positive differential data1 for DSI. |
| 18      | BL-    | Backlight power ground 0V.           |
| 19      | DATAN0 | Negative differential data0 for DSI. |
| 20      | DATAP0 | Positive differential data0 for DSI. |

### 3. DSI System Interface

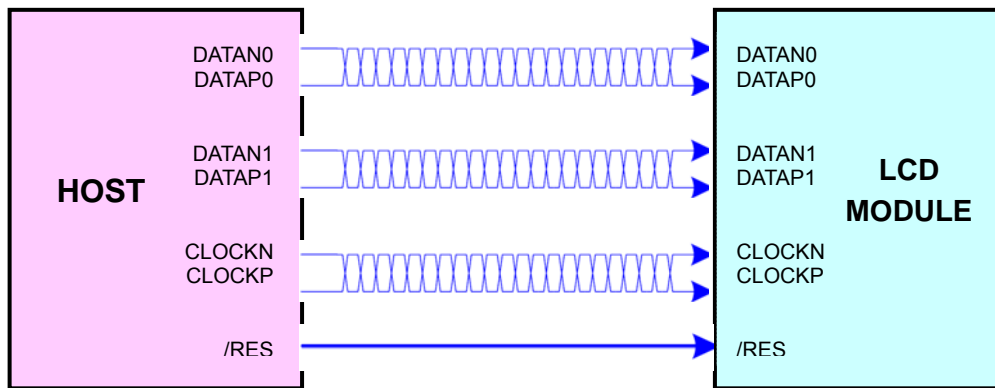


Figure 3-1 DSI System Interface

### 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Items                 | Symbol    | MIN. | MAX. | Unit | Condition       |
|-----------------------|-----------|------|------|------|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage        | VDD       | -0.3 | +3.6 | V    | VSS = 0V        |
| Input Voltage         | DSI input | -0.5 | 1.4  | V    | VSS = 0V        |
| Operating Temperature | TOP       | -20  | +70  | °C   | No Condensation |
| Storage Temperature   | Tst       | -30  | +80  | °C   | No Condensation |

### 5. Electrical Characteristics

#### 5.1 DC Characteristics

| Parameter  | Description                                      | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| VDD        | Operating Voltage                                | 2.4  | 2.8  | 3.3  | V    |
| VIL        | Low Power logic 1 input voltage                  | 880  | -    | -    | mV   |
| VIH        | Low Power logic 0 input voltage                  | -    | -    | 550  | mV   |
| VID        | HS differential input voltage:  Vdp- Vdn         | 70   | 200  | 270  | mV   |
| VIDT       | HS differential input voltage threshold          | -    | -    | 50   | mV   |
| VIL-ULPS   | Low Power receiver logic 0 voltage, ULP state    | -    | -    | 300  | mV   |
| VCMRX(DC)  | Common-mode voltage HS receive mode              | 70   | -    | 330  | mV   |
| ΔVCMRX(HF) | HS common-mode interference                      | -    | -    | 100  | mV   |
| VIHHS      | HS single-ended input high voltage               | -    | -    | 460  | mV   |
| VILHS      | HS single-ended input low voltage                | -40  | -    | -    | mV   |
| VTERM-EN   | Single-ended threshold for HS termination enable | -    | -    | 450  | mV   |
| ZID        | Differential input impedance                     | 80   | 100  | 124  | Ω    |

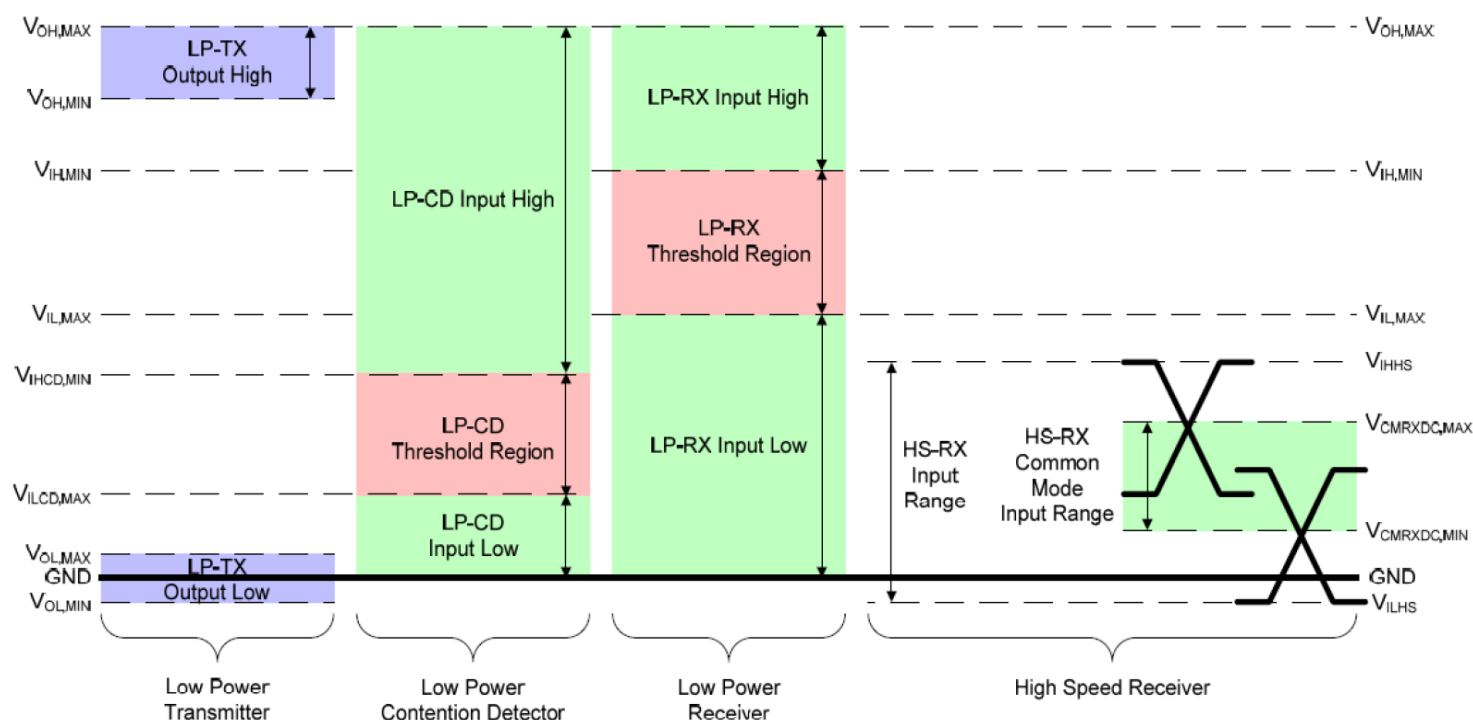


Figure 5-1 DSI signaling and Contention Voltage

## 5.2 Reset Pin Characteristics

| Parameter                     | Conditions | Min.      | Typ. | Max.      | Unit |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|
| /RES input low level voltage  | -          | -0.3 V    | -    | 0.3 x VDD | V    |
| /RES input high level voltage | -          | 0.7 x VDD | -    | VDD + 0.3 | V    |
| /RES output low level voltage | IOL= 2 mA  | -         | -    | 0.5       | V    |
| /RES input filtered pulse     | -          | -         | -    | 75        | ns   |
| /RES input not filtered pulse | -          | 500       | -    | -         | ns   |
| /RES output pulse             | -          | 20        | -    | -         | µs   |

## 5.3 LED Backlight Characteristics

(Ta=+25°C)

| Item              | Symbol | Values |      |      | Unit | Remark |
|-------------------|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|
|                   |        | Min.   | Typ. | Max. |      |        |
| Current           | IB     | -      | 80   | -    | mA   | Note 1 |
| Power Consumption | PBL    | -      | 240  | -    | mW   | Note 2 |

Note1: 4 LEDs are connected in parallel; each LED's current consumption is 20mA.

Note2: Where IB= 120 mA, PBL = IB x VBL, VBL is backlight forward voltage

## 6. DSI Transmission Data Format

The LCM receives and interpret 24bpp(RGB888) DSI packets and translates to video stream. Packed Pixel Stream 24-Bit Format is a Long packet. It is used to transmit image data formatted as 24-bit pixels to a Video Mode display module. The packet consists of the DI byte, a two-byte WC, an ECC byte, a payload of length WC bytes and a two-byte Checksum. The pixel format is red (8 bits), green (8 bits) and blue (8 bits), in that order. Each color component occupies one byte in the pixel stream; no components are split across byte boundaries. Within a color component, the LSB is sent first, the MSB last.

With this format, pixel boundaries align with byte boundaries every three bytes. The total line width (displayed plus non-displayed pixels) should be a multiple of three bytes.

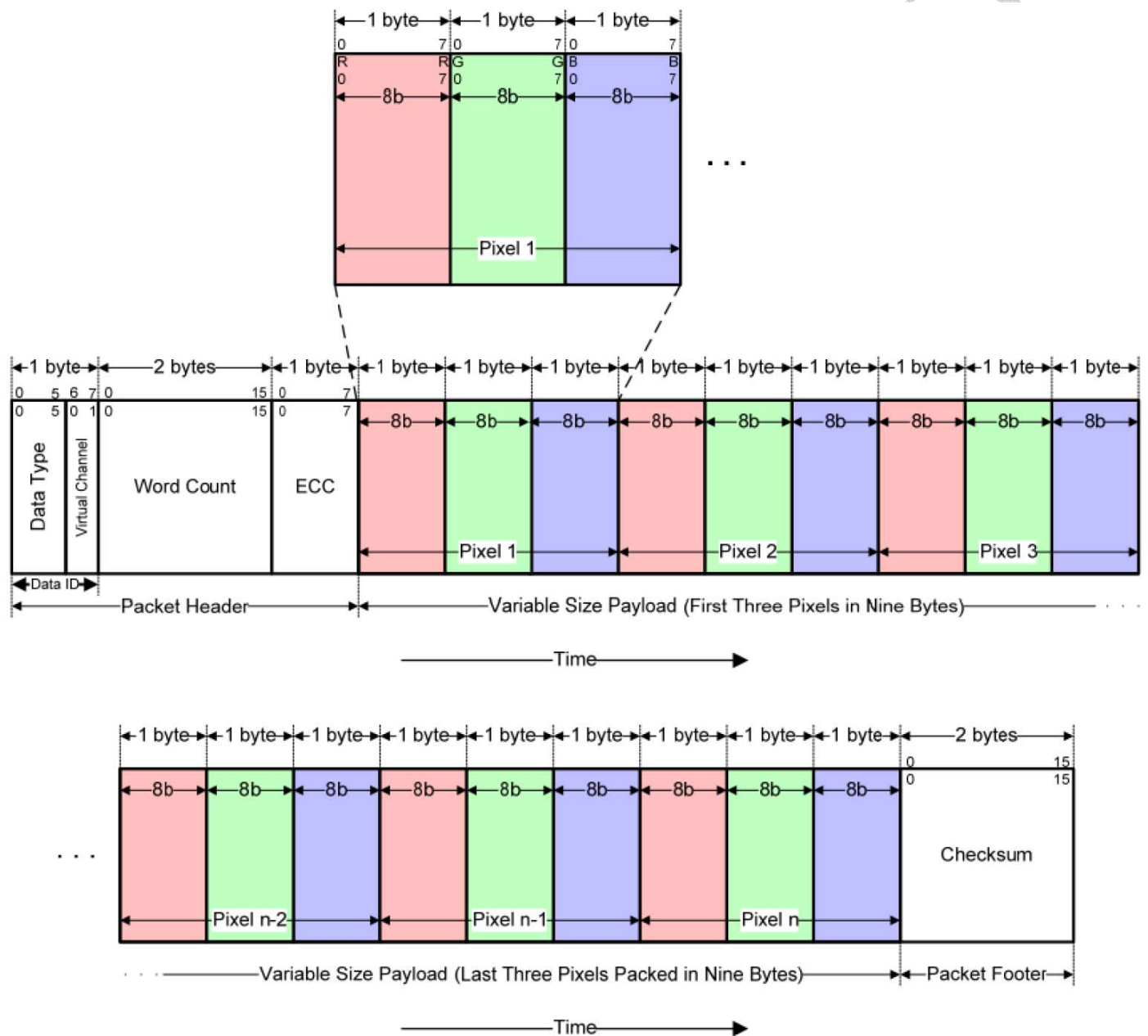


Figure 6-1 DSI RGB888 (24bpp) Color format, Long Packet

## 7. General DPI Timing

The Pixel clock (DCLK) is running all the time without stopping, it is used for entering VS, HS, DE and DB [23:0] states when there is a rising edge of the DCLK. The DCLK can not be used as the internal clock for other functions of the display module.

Vertical synchronization (Vsync) is used to tell when there is received a new frame of the display. This is low enable and its state is read to the display module by a rising edge of the DCLK signal.

Horizontal synchronization (Hsync) is used to tell when there is received a new line of the frame. This is low enable and its state is read to the display module by a rising edge of the DCLK signal.

DE (Data Enable) is used to tell when there is received RGB information that should be transferred on the display. This is a high enable and its state is read to the display module by a rising edge of the DCLK signal. DB[23:0] are used to tell what is the information of the image that is transferred on the display (When DE= '0' (low) and there is a rising edge of DCLK). DB [23:0] can be '0' (low) or '1' (high). These lines are read by a rising edge of the DCLK signal.

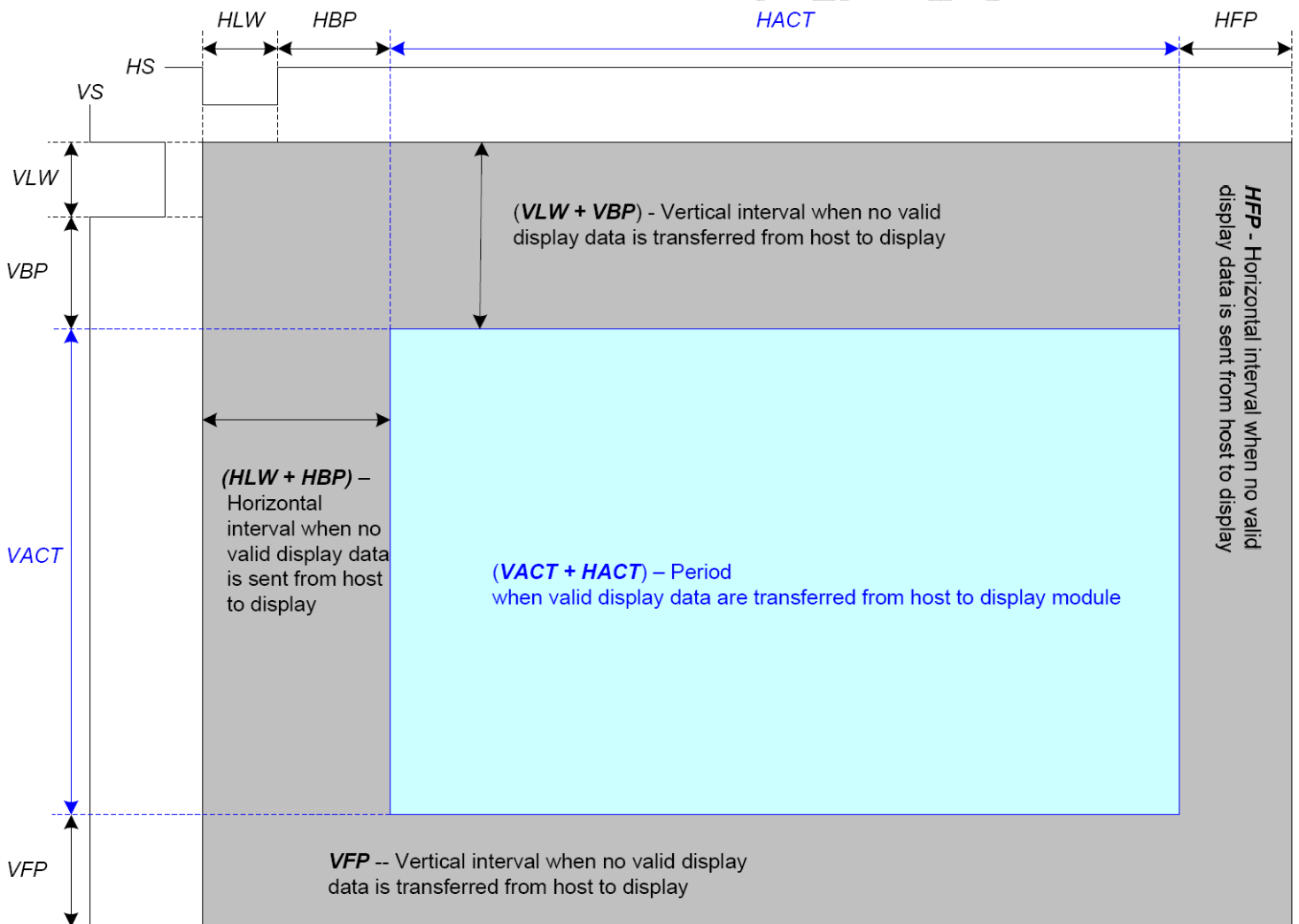


Figure 7-1 DRAM Access Area by RGB Interface

## 8. DPI Interface Timing

The timing chart of 24-bit DPI (RGB) interface mode is illustrated in Figure 6-1.

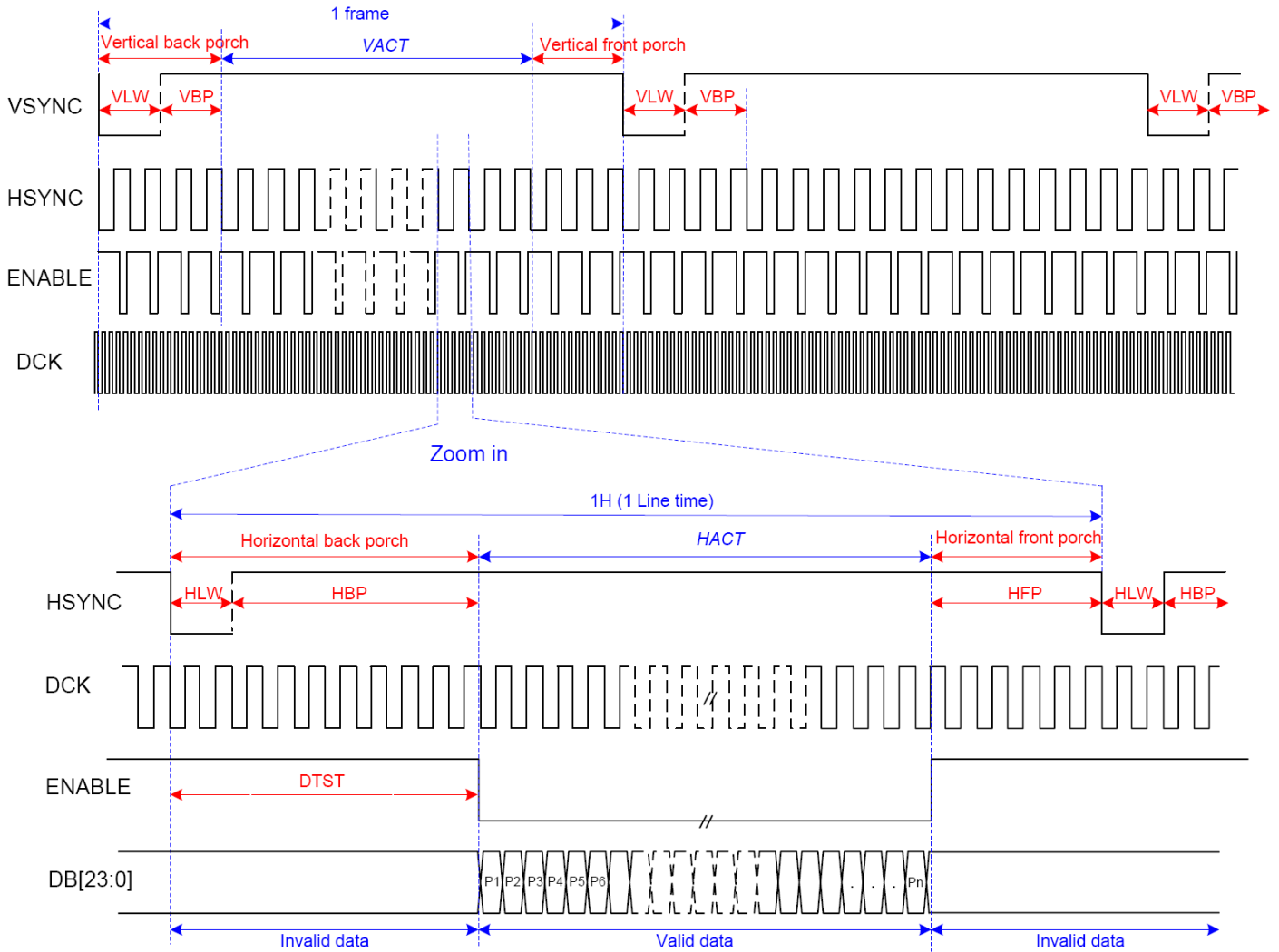


Figure 8-1 DPI Interface Timing

Note :

VLW -- VSYNC Low pulse Width

HLW -- HSYNC Low pulse Width

DTST -- Data Transfer Startup Time

Pn -- pixel 1, pixel 2..., pixel n.



| Parameter                  | Symbols | Min. | Typ. | Max.         | Units |
|----------------------------|---------|------|------|--------------|-------|
| Frame Rate                 | FR      | 50   | 68   | 80           | fps   |
| Dots Clock Frequency       | DCLK    | -    | 7    | -            | MHz   |
| Horizontal Address         | HACT    | -    | 240  | -            | DCLK  |
| Horizontal Front Porch     | HFP     | 2    | 38   | -            | DCLK  |
| Horizontal Low Pulse width | HLW     | 2    | 10   | HLW+ HBP=31  | DCLK  |
| Horizontal Back Porch      | HBP     | 4    | 10   | HLW+ HBP=31  | DCLK  |
| Vertical Address           | VACT    | -    | 320  | -            | Line  |
| Vertical Front Porch       | VFP     | 1    | 8    | -            | Line  |
| Vertical Low Pulse width   | VLW     | 1    | 4    | VLW+ VBP=127 | Line  |
| Vertical Back Porch        | VBP     | 1    | 20   | VLW+ VBP=127 | Line  |

Note:  $DCLK = FR \times (VLW + VACT + VBP) \times (HLW + HACT + HBP + HFP)$

## 9. DSI Video Transmission Sequence

The LCM supports Non-Burst Mode with Sync Pulses, Non-Burst Mode with Sync Events and Burst mode.

### 9.1 Non-Burst Mode with Sync Pulses:

Enables the peripheral to accurately reconstruct original video timing, including sync pulse widths.

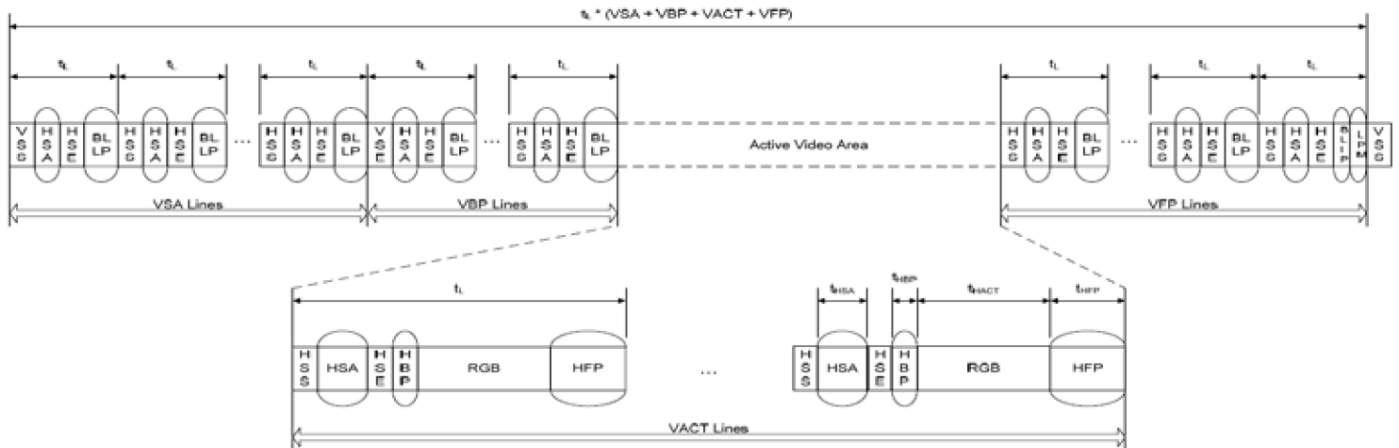


Figure 9-1 Non-Burst Mode with Sync Pulses

### 9.2 Non-Burst Mode with Sync Events:

Similar to above, but accurate reconstruction of sync pulse widths is not required, so a single Sync Event is substituted.

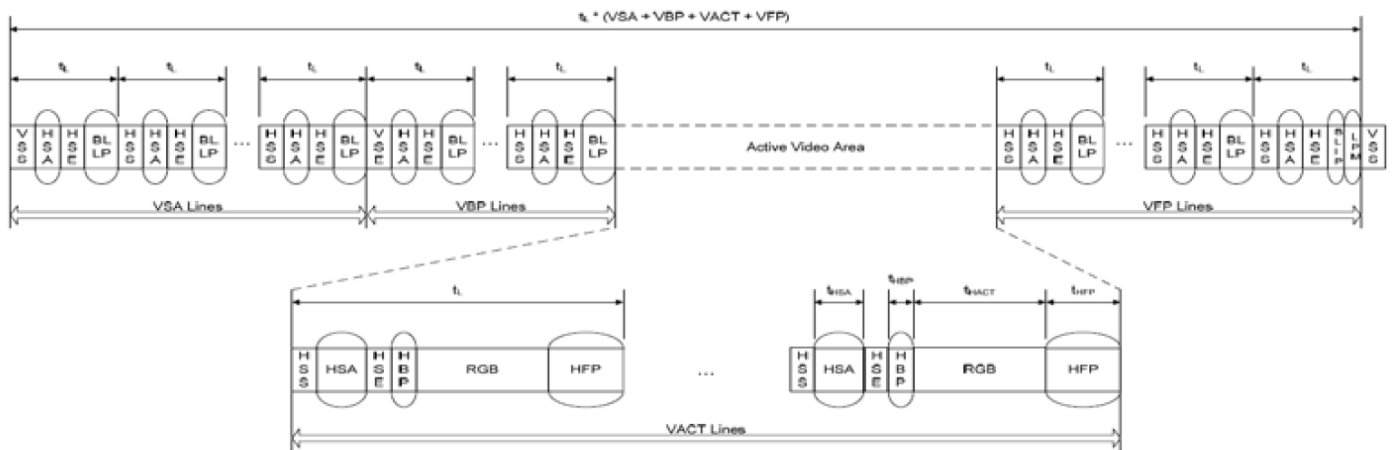


Figure 9-2 Non-Burst Mode with Sync Events

### 9.3 Burst mode:

The RGB pixel packets are time-compressed, leaving more time during a scan line for LP mode (saving power).

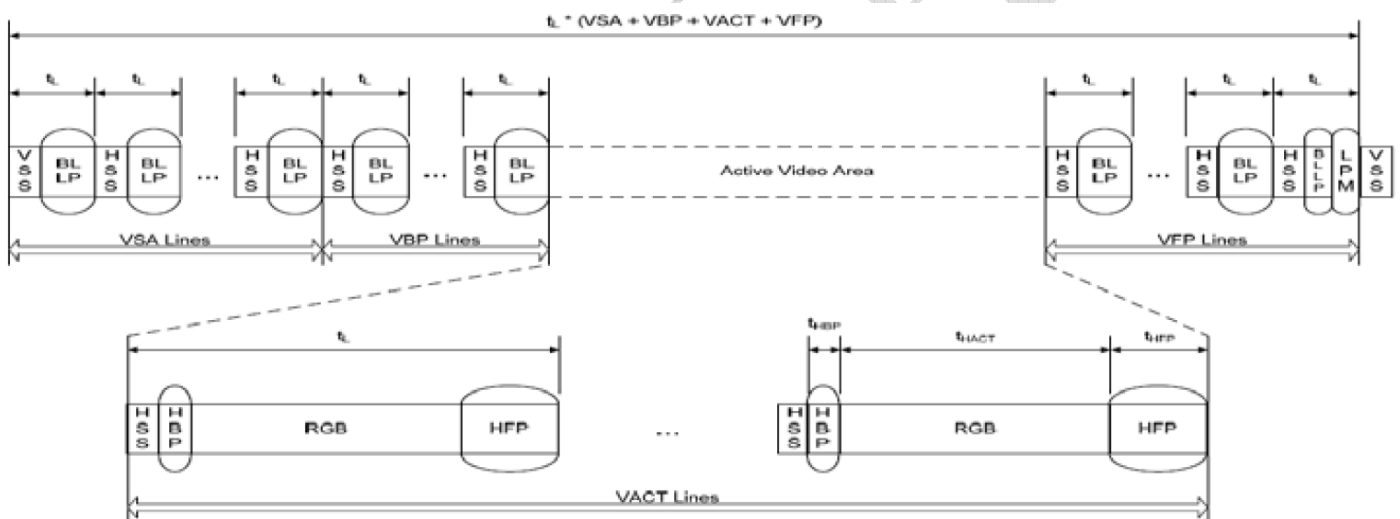


Figure 9-3 Burst mode

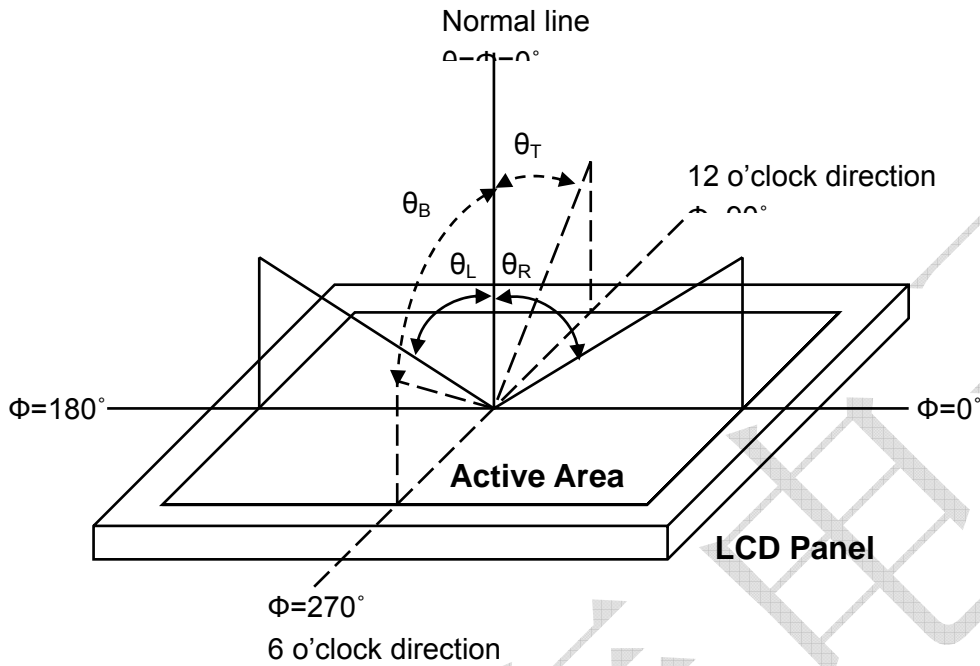
For all three sequences, the first line of a video frame shall start with a VSS packet, and all other lines start with VSE or HSS. The position of the synchronization packets in time is of utmost importance since this has a direct impact on the visual performance of the display panel; that is, the LVDS output video timing (HS-Horizontal sync and VS-Vertical sync) are generated based on the synchronization.

# 10. Optical Specifications

( $T_a=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CI}=2.8\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.8\text{V}$ ,  $I_B=46\text{mA}$ )

| Item                         | Symbol             | Condition                      | Values                         |      |      | Unit              | Remark   |          |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------|-------------------|----------|----------|
|                              |                    |                                | Min.                           | Typ. | Max. |                   |          |          |
| Viewing Angle Range          | Left               | $\theta_L$                     | CR $\geq$ 10                   | —    | 45   | -                 | degree   | Note 1,2 |
|                              | Right              | $\theta_R$                     |                                | —    | 45   | -                 |          |          |
|                              | Top                | $\theta_T$                     |                                | —    | 50   | -                 |          |          |
|                              | Bottom             | $\theta_B$                     |                                | —    | 20   | -                 |          |          |
| Response Time                | $T_{on} + T_{off}$ | Normal $\theta=\phi=0^{\circ}$ | -                              | 30   | 50   | ms                | Note 2,3 |          |
| Contrast Ratio               | CR                 | Normal $\theta=\phi=0^{\circ}$ | 200                            | 300  | -    | -                 | Note 2,4 |          |
| Luminance                    | L                  | Normal $\theta=\phi=0^{\circ}$ | 160                            | 200  | -    | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | Note 2,5 |          |
| Flicker                      | -                  | -                              | No Visible                     |      |      | -                 | Note 8   |          |
| Crosstalk                    | -                  | -                              | No Visible                     |      |      | -                 | Note 9   |          |
| Color Chromaticity (CIE1931) | White              | $W_x$                          | Normal $\theta=\phi=0^{\circ}$ | —    | 0.30 | —                 | -        | Note 2,6 |
|                              |                    | $W_y$                          |                                | —    | 0.31 | —                 |          |          |
|                              | Red                | $R_x$                          |                                | —    | 0.59 | —                 |          |          |
|                              |                    | $R_y$                          |                                | —    | 0.32 | —                 |          |          |
|                              | Green              | $G_x$                          |                                | —    | 0.31 | —                 |          |          |
|                              |                    | $G_y$                          |                                | —    | 0.56 | —                 |          |          |
|                              | Blue               | $B_x$                          |                                | —    | 0.15 | —                 |          |          |
|                              |                    | $B_y$                          |                                | —    | 0.08 | —                 |          |          |
| Color Gamut                  | NTSC               | CIE1931                        | -                              | 58   | -    | %                 | -        |          |
| Luminance Uniformity         | $U_L$              | Normal $\theta=\phi=0^{\circ}$ | —                              | 80   | -    | %                 | Note 2,7 |          |

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle



range

Fig. 1 Definition of viewing angle

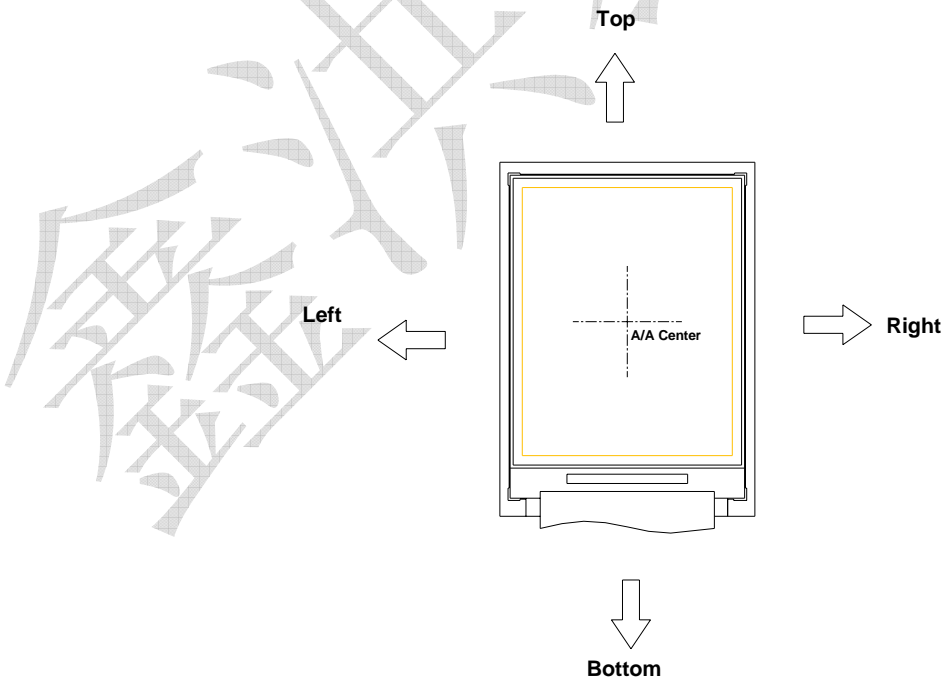


Fig. 2 Definition of viewing angle for display

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room with ambient temperature  $T_a=+25$ . The optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen after 5 minutes operation. (Equipment: Photo detector TOPCON BM-5A or BM-7 /Field of view:  $1^\circ$  /Height: 500mm.)

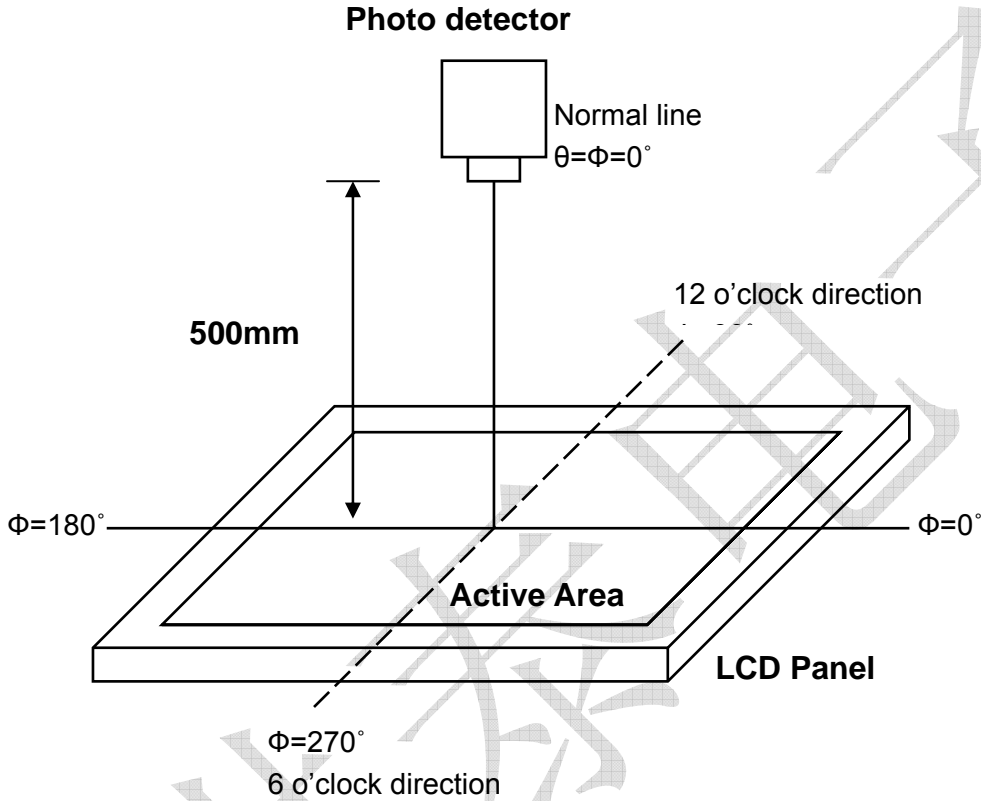


Fig. 10-1 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between “White” state and “Black” state. Rise time ( $T_{on}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%, and fall time ( $T_{off}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

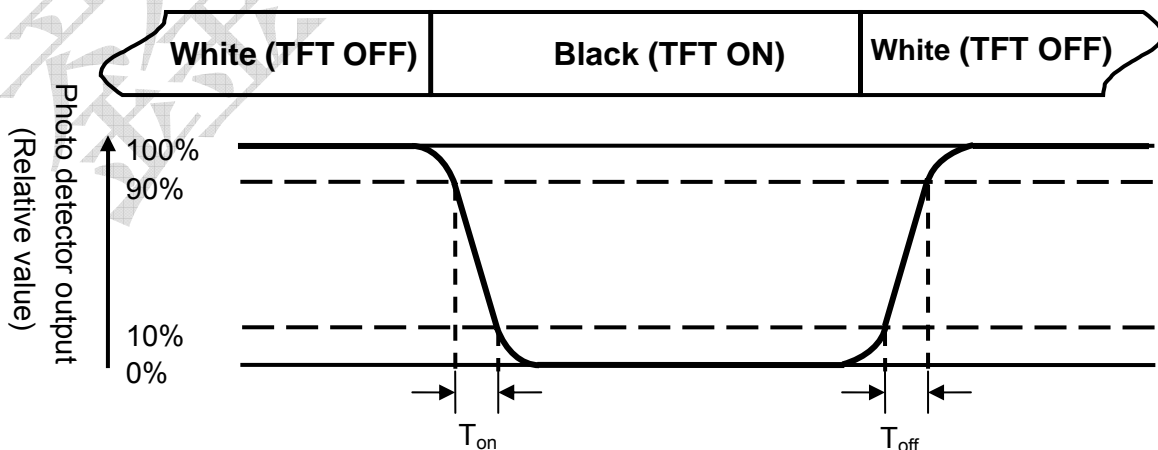


Fig. 10-2 Definition of response time  
Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state}}$$

Note 5: Definition of luminance

Measured at the center area of the panel when LCD panel is driven at "white" state.

Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD when panel is driven at "White", "Red", "Green" and "Blue" state respectively.

Note 7: Definition of luminance uniformity

To test for uniformity, the tested area is divided into 3 rows and 3 columns. The measurement spot is placed at the center of each circle as below.

$$\text{Luminance Uniformity (U}_L\text{)} = \frac{L_{\min}}{L_{\max}}$$

L-----Active area length      W----- Active area width

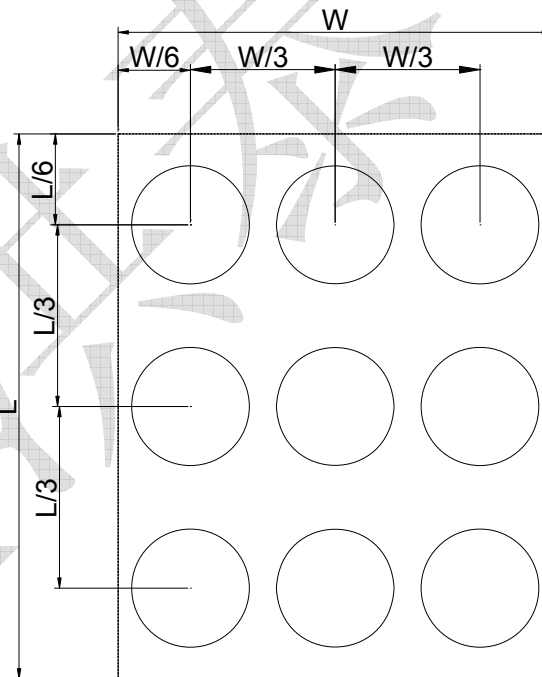


Fig. 10-3 Definition of luminance uniformity

$L_{\max}$  : The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

$L_{\min}$  : The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

Note 8: Definition of Flicker

Flicker is the pattern usually used to describe the visual sensation produced by a rapidly varying light intensity. There should be no visible flicker in normal direction of the display when the following figure are loaded.

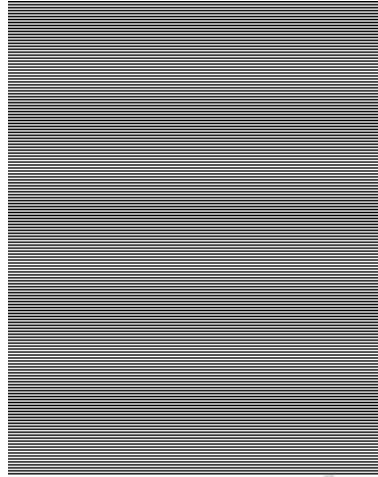


Fig.10-4 Flicker checker pattern

Note9: Definition of crosstalk

There should be no visible in normal direction of the display when the following figures are loaded.

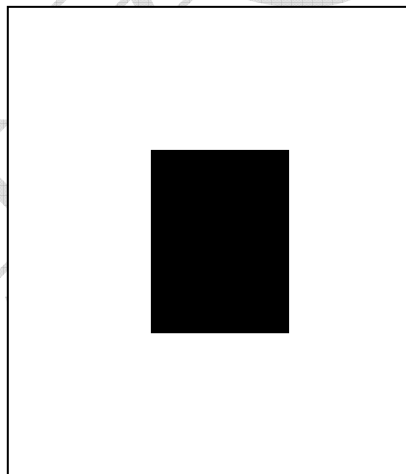


Fig.10-5 Crosstalk checker pattern

## 11. Reliability Test Items

| Test Items                              | Test Conditions  | Remark |
|---|--|--------|
| High Temperature Storage                | +80°C±3°C for 240 hours  | -      |
| Low Temperature Storage                 | -30°C±3°C for 240 hours  | -      |
| High Temperature Operation              | +70°C±3°C for 240 hours  | -      |
| Low Temperature Operation               | -20°C±3°C for 240 hours  | -      |
| High Temperature and Humidity Operation | +60°C±3°C, 90%±3%RH max. for 240 hours   | -      |
| Thermal Shock                           | -30°C/0.5h ~ +80°C/0.5h for a total 100 cycles, Start with cold temp and end with high temp  | -      |
| Vibration Test                          | Frequency range:10~55Hz<br>Stoke:1.5mm<br>Sweep:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz<br>2 hours for each direction of X. Y. Z.<br>(6 hours for total)                        | -      |
| Mechanical Shock                        | 100G 6ms,±X, ±Y, ±Z 3 times for each direction   | -      |
| Package Vibration Test                  | Random Vibration :<br>0.015G <sup>2</sup> /Hz from 5-200Hz, -6dB/Octave from 200-500Hz<br>1 hour for each direction of X. Y. Z.<br>(3 hours for total) | -      |
| Package Drop Test                       | Height :76cm(Weight ≤ 10kg);<br>60cm(Weight > 10kg)<br>1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces   | -      |
| Electro Static Discharge                | ± 2KV, Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500Ω  | -      |

Note1: During the display practical test under normal operation condition, there shall be no change, which may affect display function.

Note2: Before functional check, the test sample requires a 2 hours storage time at room temperature

## 12. Mechanical Drawing



