



## Modified Polyphenylene Ether Resin High-Stiffness, Ultra Low-Warp Chassis Grade

	Property	Units	Test Method	Test Condition	X1508
Physical	Specific Gravity		ISO 1183	23°C	1.22
	Moisture Absorption	%	ISO 62	Immersion for 24 hours	0.06
Thermal	Flammability		UL 94		V-1(1.5mm) V-2(0.82mm)
	Temperature of Deflection	°C	ISO 75-1	1.80MPa	97
	Under Load(DTUL)	O	ASTM D 648	1.82MPa	100
	Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion	mm/mm/°C	ISO 11359	-30°C~65°C	5.0×10 <sup>-5</sup>
	Moulding Shrinkage	%	ASAHIKASEI Method	150×150×2mm	0.30-0.45
Electrical	Dielectric Constant		IEC 60250	100Hz	3.2
	Diciectife Constant			1MHz	3.1
	Dissipation Factor		IEC 60250	100Hz	0.0030
	•	01	IEO 00000	1MHz	0.0050
	Volume Resistivity	Ohm-cm	IEC 60093	23°C 50% RH	10 <sup>16</sup>
	Surface Resistivity	Ohm	IEC 60093	23°C 50% RH	10 <sup>16</sup>
	Dielectric Strength	kV/mm	IEC 60243	Short time. 2mm	
Mechanical	Tensile Strength	MPa	ISO 527	23°C 50% RH	55
	(Nominal) Tensile Strain	%	ISO 527	23°C 50% RH	4
	Flexural Strength	MPa	ISO 178	23°C 50% RH	99
	Flexural Modulus	MPa	ISO 178	23°C 50% RH	4174
	Charpy Impact Strength	KJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179	4mm 23°C(Notched)	5
Molding Conditions	Resin Temperature	°C			240-300
	Mold Temperature	°C			50-80
	Pre-Drying Temperature	°C			90-100
≥ ပ္ပ	Pre-Drying Time	Hr			2-4
	Remark				Filler 20%

Data shown are typical values obtained by proper testing methods and should not be used for specification purpose. Please use these data for selecting the most appropriate grade suitable for specific usage.

These data may be changed because of improvement in properties.

Do not use XYRON<sup>™</sup> in any of the following orally- or medically-related applications.

- Orally-related applications: any part, device or component which may come into direct oral contact or into direct contact with drinking foods or beverages. For drinking water application, please consult Asahi Kasei Chemicals Corporation.
- Medically-related applications: any part, or component which may be used intracorporeally or which may in dialysis or other processes come into direct or indirect contact with body tissue, body fluids, or transfusion fluids.